“The Cask of the Amontillado”
By, Edgar Allan Poe

Behind the Story

- Poe had a real fear of being buried alive
- After reading Poe’s work, a Russian inventor created a device that allowed “deceased” to ring a bell so that live people above ground would know the buried person was not really dead
- Think about this as we read “Cask of Amontillado”

A Poison Tree By: William Blake

I was angry with my friend;
I told my wrath, my wrath did end.
I was angry with my foe;
I told it not, my wrath did grow.
And I watered it in fears,
Night and morning with my tears;
And sunned it with smiles,
And soft, deceitful wiles.
And it grew both day and night,
Till it bore an apple bright;
And my foe beheld it shine,
And he knew it was mine.
And into my garden stole.
When the night had veiled the pole
In the morning glad I see
My foe outstretched beneath the tree.

- Connection: “Cask of Amontillado” is a story of revenge
Mood

- Emotion evoked in the reader by a piece of writing
- Mood can be identified by descriptive details author uses
- Example-We walked down the hallway (shows no mood)
- We crept down the long, dark hallway (you can identify the suspenseful mood by the vivid verb crept and the descriptive details long and dark.

**Mood Words List**
*(Starter List-Can you think of more??)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>POSITIVE MOOD WORDS</th>
<th>NEGATIVE MOOD WORDS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Playful</td>
<td>Tense</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tender</td>
<td>Gloomy</td>
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<td>Enlightened</td>
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<td>Optimistic</td>
<td>Insidious</td>
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<td>Light-Hearted</td>
<td>Pessimistic</td>
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<td>Warm</td>
<td>Confining</td>
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<td>Hopeful</td>
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<td>Ecstatic</td>
<td>Terrifying</td>
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<td>Empowered</td>
<td>Vengeful</td>
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Irony

- The result of a contrast between appearance or expectation and reality
- *Hiding what is actually the case to achieve special, artistic effects

**Verbal Irony**

- Words are used to suggest opposite of what is meant
- Example- Someone says, “Don’t be nervous; it’s only the most important test of your life.”

**Dramatic Irony**

- What appears to be true to a character is not what the reader or audience knows to be true
- Example- A boy tells his mother he is late because he was at a friend’s house. The audience knows that the mother talked to friend’s mother and knows son was not there.

**Situational Irony**

- An event occurs that goes against expectations that have been built up
- Example- A story has a mouse chasing a cat
- Expectations are a cat chasing a mouse

Explain the pictures:

1. ________________________________________________________________

2. ________________________________________________________________

3. ________________________________________________________________

4. ________________________________________________________________

5. ________________________________________________________________

6. ________________________________________________________________

7. ________________________________________________________________